



What are the different types of organizations?

TYPE 1.	..... organisation:		..... organisation:		..... organisation:
	
EXAMPLES 2.	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....	..... ..... .....
PURPOSE 3.	Economic:	For the general interest: ..... .....	.....	.....	Social, environmental, humanitarian, cultural:
ACTIVITY 4.	..... : something intangible is proposed to the customer (ex: Google search engine)		..... : something tangible is proposed to the customer (ex: Cadbury's chocolate bars)		
SECTOR OF ACTIVITY 5.	1 The primary sector:	2 The secondary sector:	3 The tertiary sector:		
RESOURCES 6.	Human	Financial	Material	Immaterial	Technological
SIZE 7.	Less than 10 workers: 50 to 249 workers:	10 to 49 workers: 250 and over:			
NATIONALITY 8.	It is determined by the location of the of the company. It is where the organisation operates, where it sells its products.				
SCOPE 9.					.....

CHOOSE FROM THE FOLLOWING ELEMENTS TO FILL IN THE BLANKS
(THEY'RE IN THE ALPHABETICAL ORDER)

1.	non profit	public	private ['praɪvət]	
2.	association factory NGO (<i>non-governmental organisation</i>)	charity firemen public hospital	city hall firm ['fɜ:m] public school	company foundation trade-union
3.	It doesn't aim at making profit. It doesn't make a profit but aims to help people, for instance fighting against poverty or protecting the environment. It may go bankrupt. It provides a public service. It serves the general population. It wants to make a lasting profit (to be perennial).			
4.	goods production			
5.	To extract raw materials from the ground To provide services To transform raw materials into finished goods			
6.	employees know-how offices reputation volunteers	civil servants information system machines shares	donations loan ['ləʊn] patents software	factories logo profit subsidies
7.	medium-sized business	microenterprise	large company	small business
8.	creation		factories	headquarters
9.	local		international	national